XII VISIONS

Stephen Melish Frakuel

GERMANE:

Such as Concern the Affairs now in agitation between

The French King & the Pope.

Translated by Alberta Deta Faber.



LONDON.

Printed for the Author, and are to be fold at the corner; house at the bottom of Adde bill, in the Year, 1669-

THE PREFACE

Because of the present differences between the French King and the Pope, I shought good to Translate these following Visious of Stephen Melish of Present, Cittinan of Liste, who (as saith he that first Published his Visious) is a down-right homest man, Pious and antiful to God and his Neighbour, a stranger to Worldy Policy, & State affairs, altogether ignorant of the transaction now on toot. Therefore we must conclude that his Visious were should him by a higher power. The most part of them being suffilled, and others were suffilling; some also seem to be just upon accomplishment. This mas the conferent I have Translated and Visious, whose accomplishment t judged to be now beginning; so that all good people here might have some knowledge of whas passes beyond-Sea of this nature. Consider of it, and Farewel.

A. O. F.



Low Down

The first interpretation and the obesign in consertion for interpretation of the first into 1 Year 1663.

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XII Visions of Stephen Melish & Ger-

The 1th. Vifion.

N Palme finder (April 9, 1656) I Dreamed thus: I travelled, and a man I knew not did accompany me; and we went forth together til we entred into a great Palace, the name of which I knew not: And the man drew me afide, and asked me from whence I was? I faid, of Poland. He again, Of what Religion? I, Of the Protestants. He, Sing ye also French Pfalms? Yes, said I, that is my highest joy, when I rife, and go to sleep. Then he behaved himself lovingly towards me, and said, Stand here by me, no evil shall happen to thee, thou shalt see great things that must be done in short. If it be somewhat thou understand's not, ask me, I shall tell thee. And soon he was changed into another shape, as a spiritual person; on whose side I standing, saw exactly what I now shall tell thee without addition.

First of all, There was set in the midst of the Palace asquare silver-Table; in the mean time came a great King, whose Vesture was of Silver-cloth, and led the King of Sweden at his right hand. Then he face down with his back Southwards, and his eies Northwards, and the King of Sweden face at the Table over-against him; and at the right hand of this King the Elector of Acydelberg, of Saxen, of Brandenberg, having their eyes turned as it were Westwards, but their backs Bestwards,

But betwirt this King and the Elector of Saxen fate a Cardinal upon a filver-flool at the corner of the Table, holding a Bi-fhops Crofter in his hand, which was mighty thick, He was cloathed with a long priefls gown, (like to the Kings) in Silver cloathe, and was girded with a girdle, having upon his head a mitre of aftrange fashion.

At the left hand fate one as it were Ra-Kory cloathed according to the Hungarian mode, befides him an ambaffador of Spain, and then one of the Emperors Ambaffadors, and others. The Embaffadors of England and Holland fate next the King of Sweden.

Round about those Kings were set filver stools, upon which fate along the three sides of the palace, or hall, mighty Poten-

Then prefently was given a great found out of great Guns, and afterwards Pfalms and longs were fung in the French tongue; infomuch that there was a very great noise of Musick, & all kind of infiruments: I also heard voices of men amongst this Musick singing very loud, the Melody of the Pfalm I knew wel.

Following, there was brought in upon two levers afmail filver-

table, upon which did lie the Popes Crown.

And by and by, at the Kings and Princes consent lifted up him felf the Cardinall aforesaid, and firuck with the crosser upon the crown, that it did flie into pieces; and others standing round about, trampled on the burited filver with their feets. At that same instant there arose to be a sudden quivering noise, by shooting of pieces, and great ordnances, borrible and dreadfull.

After that shooting a very great triumph was made by singers

and mufical inftruments.

Then came a Queen and fate down next the King, She was cloathed like the King: After her followed Virgins with a melodious found of Pfalms and fongs, bearing an exceeding precious present upon a golden lever, which they did present to the King. And then again was heard a great crack of pieces and ordnances to confirm all this.

After came a very great multitude of the Gentry and Knight.
hood, and Lords, out of all the four corners of she World, and
brought to the King a crown and a fword, which crown they fet
hefore him in the prefence of all these Potentates: But the sword

they put him in his band, even to the end that he fhould skirmish against the Babylonish beast; Ar which they also joyned their joyful gratulation, which I understood not, because it was done in French: And J durst not ask the Man what they said, onely what J did see with my eyes, & could apprehend with my understanding. After this was heard again a great rating of Guns, & singers. And there came, as it were, persons of the commonalty, and brought to the King a costly present, and did ad their gratulations, but J did not understand it. And all this was snew confirmed with shooting and musick sound.

Whereas now the Gentry and Knighthood aforefaid had prefented the Grown, and reached the fword into his hand, the faid King profered to the King of Sweden his right hand, and the other Princes, Potentates and Kings; flanding by, laid thereupon their hands, kiffing one another, and fung at it the 20 Pfalm; At which there was heard once more to great a shooting and musicall rejoycing, as never before, infomuch that the very earth did

ring.

Then they all did arise, and went into a great temple, wherein the said King did crown the said Cardinall, and puthim on a very Patriarch-Mitre, as it were a Cardinals-hat: And many Preachers sate there in white silk-cloaths about the Altar, and elsewhere, and sung French Psalms, in the congregation of many thousand people. There the King did establish him to be an intendant Administrator of the Church of God instead of Moses, Samuel,

Out of this temple now I came forth with the fame man upon a very large field, where the King did muster his Souldiers. and fent his Army towards the South & West to fight couragiously giving his order to them how they should behave themselves.

Then the Cardinal began a reformation in all cities, and gave them priviledges according to the manner of the old Testament. But all what could not be easily decided was ordered should be brought before the King. It was also ordered, that nothing in what cause soever, Ecclesiastical or Secular, must be done without knowledge of this King and the said Potentates.

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The II. Vifion.

A Pril 27, had I such a dream as thus: I came at a high mountain, unto which when I had climbed up very hardly, (yet with help of others,) I was commanded to look back. Which doing, he said to me, Dost thou see that piece of land? Yes, Sir, I see it, said I. But when I looked back again, behold there was nothing more left then earth and ashes. Then I asked; Sir, how is that gone so suddenly? Here Even so shall be gone the whole Land, because of their great fins, which they do For terror shall fall upon them, indeed upon all, as well the sighting men, as them that are desending themselves. But them that I shall preserve, I will bring thorrow into other countries, that they might be preserved for a time and season; but the hypocrite, who do operes my people, shall be an abomination for ever. For the Lords Scason is approaching, to make manifest the works and doings of every one.

The III, Vifien.

Ones in Silesia) saw I the Sun shine towards the North, and all dark, only clear towards the bottome of it, and there arose three other Suns from the East, and West, and betwirt the West & North. But on the highest part of the Heaven flood a very great Sun, the greatest of all. And I did ask: Sir, Wherefore is the Northern Sunso dark? He answered: Because that I will not by him alone, (my Ambassador) perform the Work, least there creep in pride and opinions (or imaginations) as though he by his own power or wildom did effect the work, to which I have called him. For behold, he already doth not what I will, but what he will himself: However I did not send him for his own profit

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profit and interreft, but for my glory-fake. For I have another Workman, whom I shall fend unto him, even to the end that

they thall work together, and perform the work.

At that same instant began the Northern Sun, being refreshed from the other Sun, to arise on high, and take her course. And presently I did hear a voice coming from sar: Beware now therefore thou do nothing, but what will tend unto the honor of God and his Worship, and unto the edification of his Church: And ye other Suns, proceed in your course also, and go on for it's time, do not tartie one for another, for its high time, ro perform the work of God, the time of the manufestation of his Glory is at hand.

And there came from the South a very deformed wonderful beaft, who had fent forth many meffingers of ftrange fashions: And thefe went to the (great Lords) and the common people. exhorting them, and giving drink out of a wonder-cup : Then they did confpire, and bind themselves togesher with great chains, to the end, that they might fland faft together for the maintenance of their cause. But when the battle began, thefe were driven back to the South, and that wonder-beaft was overcome and vanquithed, and I praifed-God for the victory given to the Sum. But a Voice came to be heard, which foid: His fall is not yet, for the Suns help not truly one another, becanfe of their great envie, that is amongst them, and fome of them feek their own ends. But thofe that do feek fhall perifh ; For the time of him be whom God will perform the Work, is vet nor at hand at Bat (hall not tarrie very long, because his time alfo approacheth.

The IV. Vision.

A Gaind Taw a bright fiery light towards the South, all as it were, burning up, and as it were an unquencheable fire. And there arole a very great out-cry, and many lamentations, with fo thick and dark a smoak, that nothing was to be feen. At that instant I faw red Foxes come from the East, every one having a great tooth. And a gold yellowish Lyon stood upon a green place, about whom the foxes were leaping. And a voyce

Therefore the Lyon did smile at them, and a while after rent them in pieces. And behold that great Sun (the brightness of which was before so great, that nothing did appear to be seen, because of his so great light) was changed into blood also in the

fame region, but only for a time.

Inflantly after came a fiery Man like a flame, with a black fword of Iron: And against him a bright shining Man, like the the Sun, with such a sword like a flash of Lightning. Betwixt those was such a sight, that many thousands did fall in the place, and none was left remaining but very sew. Between them stood a white Eagle, and in Heaven the great Sun like to the lightning, because of whose great heat I could not see how it ended; only that I saw, that the bright Sun-shining Man had cut off the head of the white Eagle, and that head was given with the Crown to the North; but the body of the Eagle was given to a red Eagle, and the wings to the Eagle was given to a red Eagle, and the wings to the East. Presently a voice was heard, faying: To shee, O lamb, be praise and thanks; for thou are worthy to take the book, and to open his seals. For one time is past already, and half a time, and now is half balf a time.

Prefently there was a rheater made for execution. Many of the great Lords were beheaded, and priefts firangled. And fear did overcome them, and fome were taken prifoners. The Popes flool alfo did fall with a very great fall; and thereupon was amonstrance, which was not broken, but lay there, and no body lifted it up, And a Voice came a farr off; Haften and tarry not, for thou that go further, and perform the Work for which I have called

thee : For the others also do expect their redemption,

The V. Vifien,

A Gain I faw feven Stars rifing from the East to joyn with the Sun that stood on the highest Heaven. After then did arise also a red horny moon, but proceeded not very far, & fell back again. But another horny moon from the west did meet him, he was very bright shining, but could not become full, because of the clouds, slying bither & thicker: Presently I beard a Cock crow very pleasantly, after he had obtained the place alone, but be could

could not flie very high. But the black eagle did flie very high, that he scarce could be seen, holding as yet his place and much strength. Because the time is not yet come; that his pen-seathers shall be drawn out, as if he should bear rule till at the year of 63. In the mean time many tempests overcome many lands and cities.

The VI Vision.

BEtwixt East and South came four feather footed Beafts, running on, full of blood and fire, doing horrible dammage; and approached to a two-horned White Beaft, as it were, to fight together, but it was onely for an appearance. For they did joyn in a league against the Kings of the West and North. But they were vanquished, because of the stedfast union of the Nations, and the great Sun in Heaven helped them. And there are manifest the Heroes egainst the Seven-headed Beaft, to destroy it. For many of them at this very time will rurn backwards; nay, there is as yet, not Ten, that intend feriously to deftroy the Beaft, but the time comes that the faid number shall be full, and then they will go on, so that about the year 663. there shall be spread a broad a rumour of great wonders. God from Heaven shal please to give to the potentares one heart, love and unitie to perform his work,

The VII Vifion.

Crobric 2. I had a dream, 3 hours before day, as followeth. I stood as it were in the East, with my face Weltwards, and saw before me the sun Southwards, standing about as high as at ten of the Clock. And behold, he

was grown dark, very-black like a coal. And befides him Eastwards stood a red moon, but over against her a black two horn'd-moon: And round about the Sun feven Stars. bright fhining, as they do fhine at night. But a thick mift rifing from the earth did cover them ail with darkness, infomuch that both I and many others beside me were terrified, and began to flie. Immediately I faw between the Weft and South in the Air, a thining brightness, or light, in shape of a Man, standing and crying out, Wo, Wo, Wo unto you people, who call the black white, and the white black, that ye might arise up against the Beast, to make it stand on tip-toes, and to bring all again under it's yoke. Behold the time of his down fall cometh rear, and is now here! Wo to your life, who drink our of his cup. And at the same time he poured out a great Vial, of tomewhat red, like blood; And great lamentations arole over the whole earth, infomuch that I my felf it ought nothing elie but Doomsday did furprize us, and I went to prayer, till I awakened.

The VIII Vision. 1659.

of half South, and there ftanding without motion: For there came great clouds from t'other Eafts. And another Black Sun arose up from the West, who was creffed over by some clouds and winds with white streaks. He went on through the black thick clouds, & passed suddenly towards the South to the other Sun, and by howmuch the nearer he approached, strike swifter he run on, so much the brighter he became. But when he came near the South line, as it were, between twelve & one, there he stood stedsast like the very natura

natural Sun. Afterwards he burft in pieces, like smal ctac. kers, flooring here and there in the Aire, and made a very great noise and crack, and fire tell down like flars. But when I lifted up my eyes to the Heaven, I was aware of them called the Seven starrs, that they did part from one another four of them towards the North, and the other three towards the South, and great Winds began to blow one against another, like great Armies, and great lamenting was heard, I fear that by discord in the Empire fome devision may arise. Wo to that Potentate who fuffers himself stil to be poyloned by the Beast; but happiness to them that do look upon the Lords work, expecting their imployment at the appointed time, when the Lord shall call upon them to act his work, and to perform its who fo will go on before the time, and fight against the truth, will meet with evil in the end. Ah I that all Christians were of one heart, for a great net is prepaed to draw over all the true Believers, and to destroy them all, but the Lord laughs at it. Behold they have already firetched out their hands for a draught, but the Lord doth beat with hammers upon their hearts, because they have begun it. Whom the Lord shall be pleased to let live two years more, he shall see great revolutions, and the works of God. For the fifth day doth approach,

The IX Vifion.

IN the Mid-lent I came (viz., in a dream) in a Garden fituated westwards, in which did grow many very fair flowers of all kinds, besides all forts of trees. The most part of the flowers were Lilies high, of three or four ells B 2 under

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under propped and born up with coftly supporters, But the North-east part of the Garden stood, as it were frozen. and could not begin to fprout forth, because there did blow a cold wind. By and by there fell down a prefs. written upon: Inquifitto Hispanica. Observe, amongst the Rofes and Lilies, thorns also and thiftles were grown, un. derneath which stood roses red and white, so that the press could not imother all the Lilies, because it could not fall down to the very earth. And there were grievous complaints upon the earth, that the three Crowns fowed and wrapped thorrow with Lilies had fuffered dammage. And presently I faw, that they did receive ftrength again from North-eaftwards, and that one of the Northern-crowns was changed into blood, O that the Protestants (Evangeliei) would make peace among ft themselves, against the poylon of the Jesuits, that so doth overflow! Nevertheless they shall tall.

The X. Vifion, Ochober 24.

J cannot describe. There was a great people, old, young and children, but all of them buried in the earth unto the head, which onely they lifted up, crying together with a loud Voice: O Lord, holy and true, how long dost thou judge, and not avenge our blood on them that dwell on the earth? As that very instant came two riding hastily upon horses dashedall over with blood & dirt; they lighted off, and the one laid him down, the other struck him that was holding his horse with his sword, lamenting, that he had sollowed his counsel, and laid him down also aftently I saw a mighty multitude of people beyond

yond which J could not see. And above them as it were in the airla pulpit, upon which sate anold honest man, who did comfort them, (when they all, both themselves, and them that were lying down, did expect nothing but death) and exhort them to constancy; for the Lord would not rarrie any longer, because all must be suffilled what is written in the Books; and said, they should have yet patience for a little season, untill the number of their Brethren that should be killed still, should be suffilled. After having finished his speech, he began to sing the 123, Psalm.

The XI. Vifien.

Riday before Easter, sour hours before the rising of Sun, I saw the whole World in a dreadful manner breaking all in pieces, chiefly towards the North, as if all should be turned upside down. And because there was no body that would or could help it, all was very terrible beyond expression. But towards the South all was changed into smoak, insomuch that because of the sume nothing was to be seen: And westwards in blood. But from the East did arise a fair bright morning-red (Aurora) underneath blood-red, and from thence a round Rainbow, extending it self from the East to the West, and a loud Voyce was heard, but I could not understand, what what it said.

The XII. Vifin.

I was in a great Hall, with high and cleer Windows, wherein a multitude of People was affinbled; and behold a great from of rain came, and the clouds fell down

by pieces in the river, whence it did mightily increase. infomuch that it reached unto the Windows of the faid Hall; nevertheless it run away by the fides very swiftly. Inftantly there did appear a great brightness from Heaven, that we could not bear it, therefore we did close the windows, fearing fome tempest. But behold a great Sun. coming from the North-east, where he doth arise in the Summer, did thine to bright and burn foexceedingly, that I know not how to declare it, or to describe and express it by any similitude whatsoever. (And in it was written something in Hebrew letters) And behold, all did begin to break, & all round about us was undone at once. and brought to nothing at all, infomuch, that we as it were. hung in the aire. And at the same instant was heard such a noise, rathing, over and overturning, and an alarm, that I cannot express ir. In which terror I lay a while before I came again to my felf, and could remember how it was with me; also because of fear and anguish, I knew not what I should pray, say, or fing.

Out of a Book, that treates concerning the Conversion of the Fews; written by a Germane Lady, Anna of Medem, 1641.

The IV. CHAPTER

D Eing to far spent in my disease that there was no hope of life at all, they took me off from my bed, and put me upon the ftraw (according to the custom of that coun try.) like a dying person. Then I funk into a very deep fleep.

and I was as it were truly dead,

But there I saw a strange man, who had two different bodies, with all the members of men, but one onely soul, of which both the bodies had their life. The one was fair of tace, but the other had an ugly countenance. This now that was of soughy a fashion dyed, and was carried away from the remaining living body alunder into another chamber. Then the other living body came unto the dead body, and spake to them that had carried him forth thus. An/how hortid looks now my dead body, & stinks sough.

Now I first fee how ugly my countenance and form hach been when it was alive I Now as I thus confidered of that ftrange man, and much wondered at him, faying : What is that for a man? God hath never created juch a man? Then there was made an answer unto me: Thou hast well said. For in the beginning God has created man like unto his image; in fincere holines and justice, and immorrall. But by the Devils envy Deathis come into the world, and through Sin it has pierced thorow into all men, because they have all finned. And as concerning this strange vision, the fignitication of it is this: The man with those two bodies and one foul, being partly fair, and alive; to the contrary, partly ugly, dying, and remaining dead, that is the regenerated man, every one in his particular person created after God: In whom are two contrary natures, called the Old man, and the New man, spirit and flesh, like as thou haft leen, that the one was very ugly and ftunk; Likewife, nay more horrid is the na ural man with all his bad concupiscences or lusts before the eyes of God. Now as the ugly died, so must that corrupted Adamical flesh, with all his bad lufts, die in the regenerated man, and quite perish? For like as the dead was separated from him who remain-

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ed alive: So alfo muft a true Chriftian deny all the dead works, & ferve the true God alone with a clear heart. And as the living did not fooner acknowledghisugly shapethen after the others death: So the natural man as long as fin has dominion in his mortall body, cannot acknowledge his corrupted nature, how that from the foal of the foot, even unto the crown of the head, there is no foundness in it; but wounds, & bruifes, and putrifying fores, that have not been closed neither bound up, neither mollified with ointment. Ifa. 1. Yea, like an unclean child that lies yet in his blood, no: being bathed, so is the regenerated man, until Godhave born him again, & given him grace, that through his Spirit he might kill the old Adam. At that time he can acknowledgby the grace of God, how greatly he had been corrupted by hereditary fin, fince he came forth from his mother. Thereupon he begins to praise the Lord God in Heaven. the fountain of all pureness, that he hath purified him, So fill he hath a hatred against fin, denieth himself caft forth all, selt-love Yea absolutly given over unto God in his will. with all he hath in the innermost of his Soul & body. Then he begins to live first of all accordingly, & the Image of God is to be rene wed again. For like as in a troubled water, that is moved & agitated by wind, a Man cannot fee his image (0) the image of God cannot be feen in a heart, moved by the Winds of this World, the lufts of the eyes, the lufts of the flesh, the pride of Life and the hope upon perishing things and troubled by the dirt of riches, coverousness and ambi-This is now the declaring of the man with two bodies and one Soul. God will be pleased, to kill in us all bad lufts, and ftirr us up by his grace, that we might ferve the living God in holiness and righteousness, according to his will and pleasure. 2 AP 56 FINIS.

